

SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with 1907/2006 annex II 2015/830 and 1272/2008

(All references to EU regulations and directives are abbreviated into only the numeric term)

Revision date 2020-05-15

Replaces issued SDS 2018-05-11

Version number 3.0



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name Glycol G13

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Antifreeze

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Arom-dekor Kemi AB
Europavägen 1
51291 SEXDREGA
Sweden
Telephone 0320 60500
E-mail info@aromdekor.se

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Acute cases: Call 112, request poison information.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity (Category 4 oral), H302

Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Category 2 Route unknown), H361d

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

H302

Harmful if swallowed

H361d

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H373

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102

Keep out of reach of children

P201

Obtain special instructions before use

P260

Do not breathe mist or vapours

P280

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection

P308+P313

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405

Store locked up

P501

Dispose of contents and container to authorised waste disposal facility

Supplemental hazard information

Contains: ETHYLENE GLYCOL, SODIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Note that the table shows known hazards of the ingredients in pure form. These hazards are reduced or eliminated when mixed or diluted, see Section 16d.

Constituent	Classification	Concentration
ETHYLENE GLYCOL		
CAS No: 107-21-1 EC No: 203-473-3 Index No: 603-027-00-1	Acute Tox <i>4oral</i> , STOT RE 2; H302, H373	34 - 80 %
SODIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE		
CAS No: 19766-89-3 EC No: 243-283-8	Repr 2 <i>d</i> ; H361d	3 - 5 %

Explanations to the classification and labelling of the ingredients are given in Section 16e. Official abbreviations are printed in normal font. Text in italics are specifications and/or complements used in the calculation of the classification of this mixture, see Section 16b.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Generally

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

For those providing assistance to an injured person should avoid exposure and if risk of exposure exists, use appropriate respiratory protection.

Upon breathing in

Bring the injured person out into fresh air. Give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. If breathing is difficult let trained personnel administer oxygen. Let the injured person rest in a warm place with fresh air and seek medical advice immediately.

Upon eye contact

Remove contact lenses immediately if possible.

Rinse the eye for several minutes with lukewarm water. If irritation persists call a doctor/ophthalmologist.

Upon skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes.

Wash the skin with soap and water.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Upon ingestion

First rinse your mouth carefully and SPIT OUT the water. Then drink at least half a litre of water, if possible with active carbon, and then induce vomiting. Contact Poison Information Centre (emergency number 112).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Generally

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Upon ingestion

Harmful if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

When contacting a physician, take this SDS with you.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing agents

Extinguish with water mist, powder, carbon dioxide or alcoholresistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing agents

May not be extinguished with water dispersed under high pressure.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Produces fumes containing harmful gases (carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) when burning, and, in case of incomplete combustion, aldehydes and other toxic, harmful, irritant or environmentally harmful substances.

Note that the extinguishing water may contain toxic substances or other hazardous substances.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When extinguishing a fire, use over-all coverage clothing which protects against toxic substances.

In case of fire use proper breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation and exposure to skin and eyes.

Keep unauthorized and unprotected people at a safe distance.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

Note that there is a risk of slipping if product is leaking/spilling.

Ensure good ventilation.

Chemical protection suits should be worn for all salvage and decontamination work.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to drains, soil or watercourses.

Please contact involved authorities if unintended release occurs.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb the liquid with an inert absorbent, vermiculite, for example. Collect the material for disposal at a waste disposal facility.

Residues left behind after cleaning shall be treated as hazardous waste. For further information, contact the local authority sanitisation works. Present this safety data sheet.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 and 13 for personal protection equipment and disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Store this product separately from food items and keep it out of the reach of children and pets.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in premises where this product is handled.

Do not inhale the fumes and avoid exposure to skin, eyes and clothing.

Work in order to avoid spillage. If spillage does occur, address it immediately in accordance with the directions specified in Section 6 of this safety data sheet.

Handle in premises with good ventilation.

Avoid open fire, hot items, sparks or other ignition sources.

Wash your hands after using the product.

Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Use recommended safety equipment, see section 8.

Pregnant women should not be exposed to this product.

Keep away from incompatible products.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of reach for children.

Store separately from food and animal fodder, incl. utensils or surfaces which have been in contact with these things.

The product should be stored in a manner which prevents hazards to health and the environment. Avoid exposure to humans and animals and do not discharge the product in a sensitive environment.

Always use sealed and visibly labeled packages.

Store in a well-ventilated and locked place.

Store only in the original package.

Do not store above normal room temperature.

Take the necessary preventive and protective measures for safe storage.

7.3. Specific end uses

See identified uses in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1. National limit values

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

United Kingdom (EH40/2005)

Time-weighted-average exposure limit (TWA) 20 ppm (Vapour) / 52 mg/m³ (Vapour) / 10 mg/m³ (Particulates)

Short term exposure limit (STEL) 40 ppm (Vapour) / 104 mg/m³ (Vapour)

Note Sk

GLYCEROL

United Kingdom (EH40/2005)

Time-weighted-average exposure limit (TWA) 10 mg/m³ (mist)

Explanations of abbreviations are given in Section 16b

DNEL

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

	Type of exposure	Route of exposure	Value
Worker	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	106 mg/kg bw
Worker	Acute Systemic	Inhalation	35 mg/m ³
Worker	Chronic Local	Inhalation	35 mg/m ³
Consumer	Acute Systemic	Inhalation	7 mg/m ³
Consumer	Chronic Local	Inhalation	7 mg/m ³
Consumer	Chronic Systemic	Dermal	53 mg/kg bw

PNEC**ETHYLENE GLYCOL**

Environmental protection target	PNEC value
Fresh water	10 mg/L
Freshwater sediments	20.9 mg/L
Marine water	1 mg/L
Marine sediments	3.7 mg/kg dw
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	199.5 mg/L
Soil (agricultural)	1.53 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

In terms of minimizing risks, attention must be paid to the health hazards (see Sections 2, 3 and 10) of this product or any of its ingredients according to EU directives 89/391 and 98/24 and national occupational legislation.

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in premises which have modern ventilation standards.

Emergency showers and eye-rinsing facilities must be available at the workplace.

Eye/face protection

Eye protection should be worn if there is any danger of direct exposure or splashing.

Skin protection

Use suitable total cover protective clothes.

Use protective gloves fulfilling the standard EN374 if there is a risk of direct contact.

The most suitable protective glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier, taking into account the risk assessment for the specific task and the properties of the chemicals involved. Note that the breakthrough time of the material is affected by the duration of the exposure, temperature conditions, abrasion, etcetera.

Based on the chemical properties of the product, the following glove materials are recommended:

- Butyl rubber.
- Viton.
- Fluoro rubber FKM.

Respiratory protection

Use appropriate respiratory protective equipment in case of insufficient ventilation.

A breathing mask of the A filter (brown) type, may be required.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Work with the product should take place in such a way that the product does not get into soils and waterways.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

a) Appearance	Form: liquid. Colour: red.
b) Odour	weak smell
c) Odour threshold	Not indicated
d) pH	8.6
e) Melting point/freezing point	-18 °C
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	180 °C
g) Flash point	122.0 °C
h) Evaporation rate	Not indicated
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not indicated
k) Vapour pressure	Not indicated
l) Vapour density	1.00
m) Relative density	1.1
n) Solubility	Solubility in water: Soluble
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
p) Auto-ignition temperature	Not indicated
q) Decomposition temperature	Not indicated
r) Viscosity	Not indicated
s) Explosive properties	Not applicable
t) Oxidising properties	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product contains no substances which can lead to hazardous reactions at normal use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal storage and handling conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No data available.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Information on possible health hazards are based on experience and / or toxicological properties of several components in the product.

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

LD50 rabbit 24h: > 2000 mg/kg Dermally

LC50 rat 4h: > 2.5 mg/L Inhalation

LD50 rat 24h: 4700 mg/kg Orally

Skin corrosion/irritation

The mixture is judged as a whole and is classified to be neither corrosive nor irritant to skin. Mild irritation may occur on prolonged or repeated exposure.

Serious eye damage/irritation

The mixture is judged as a whole and is classified to be neither corrosive nor irritant to the eyes. Mild irritation may occur on prolonged or repeated exposure.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

The product is not classified as sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

The product is not classified as mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

The product is not classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure

The criteria for classification cannot be considered fulfilled based on available data.

STOT-repeated exposure

Repeated exposure may cause organ damage.

Aspiration hazard

The product is not classified as being toxic for aspiration.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product is not to be labelled as a environmental hazard. However, it is not inconceivable that large emissions, or repeated small emissions, can have a harmful effect on the environment.

Prevent release on land, in water and drains.

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

LC50 Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) 96h: > 18500 mg/L

LC50 fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) 96h: 72860 mg/l

EC50 Freshwater water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 48 h: > 100 mg/l

EC50 Freshwater water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 24h: > 74000 mg/L

EC50 Algae (*Selenastrum capricornutum*) 96h: 1 - 7500 mg/L

EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia 48h: 10000 mg/l

NOEC Ceriodaphnia dubia 7d: 3469 mg/l

NOEC Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) 12d: 14692 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product degrades easily in the natural environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Neither this product, nor its contents, accumulates in nature.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is miscible with water and is therefore variable in soil and water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Data lacking.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste handling of the product

Discarded products must be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with regulations.

Not completely emptied packaging can contain remnants of dangerous substances and should therefore be handled as hazardous waste according to the above. Completely emptied packaging can be recycled.

Residual, old or contaminated product should be disposed of at a waste management facility.

Avoid discharge into sewers.

May not be disposed of with household waste.

Observe local regulations.

See also national waste regulations.

Classification according to 2008/98

Recommended LoW-code: 16 01 14 Antifreeze fluids containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

Where not otherwise stated the information applies to all of the UN Model Regulations, i.e. ADR (road), RID (railway), ADN (inland waterways), IMDG (sea), and ICAO (IATA) (air).

14.1. UN number

Not classified as dangerous goods

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

14.8 Other transport information

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not indicated.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Assessment and chemical safety report in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex I has not yet been performed.

SECTION 16: Other information

16a. Indication of where changes have been made to the previous version of the safety data sheet

Revisions of this document

Earlier versions

2018-05-11 Changes in section(s) 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13.

16b. Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Full texts for Hazard Class and Category Code mentioned in section 3

Acute Tox 4oral	Acute toxicity (Category 4 oral)
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)
Repr 2d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Category 2 Route unknown)

Explanations of the abbreviations in Section 8

United Kingdom (EH40/2005 (Third edition, published 2018))

Sk Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity

Explanations of the abbreviations in Section 14

ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road
RID	Regulations concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO, 999 University Street, Montreal, Quebec H3C 5H7, Canada)
IATA	The International Air Transport Association

16c. Key literature references and sources for data

Sources for data

Primary data for the calculation of the hazards has preferentially been taken from the official European classification list, 1272/2008 Annex I, as updated to 2020-05-15.

Where such data was not available, alternative documentation used to establish the official classification was used, e.g. IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database). As a second alternative, information was used from reputable international chemical industries, and as a third alternative other available information was used, e.g. material safety data sheets from other suppliers or information from non-profit associations, where reliability of the source was assessed by expert opinion. If, in spite of this, reliable information could not be sourced, the hazards were assessed by expert opinions based on the known hazards of similar substances, and according to the principles in 1907/2006 and 1272/2008.

Full texts for Regulations mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet

- 1907/2006 REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
- 2015/830 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
- 1272/2008 REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
- EH40/2005 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
- 89/391 COUNCIL DIRECTIVE (89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work
- 98/24 COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC)
- 2008/98 DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives
- 1907/2006 REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

16d. Methods of evaluating information referred to in 1272/2008 Article 9 which was used for the purpose of classification

Hazard calculation for this mixture has been performed as a cumulative assessment with the aid of expert assessments in accordance with 1272/2008 Annex I, where all available information which may be significant to establishing the hazards of the mixture was assessed together, and in accordance with 1907/2006 Annex XI.

16e. List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements

Full texts for hazard statements mentioned in section 3

- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H373 May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child

16f. Advice on any training appropriate for workers to ensure protection of human health and the environment **Warning for misuse**

This product can cause injuries if not used properly. The manufacturer, the distributor or the supplier are not responsible for adverse effects if the product is not handled in accordance with its intended use.

Other relevant information

Not indicated

Editorial information



This material safety data sheet has been prepared and checked by KemRisk®, KemRisk Sweden AB, Platensgatan 8, SE-582 20 Linköping, Sweden, www.kemrisk.se